Identification, Recovery and the Magic Triangle

Emergency Management for Essential Records

Montana IT Conference
December 4, 2009
Secretary of State
Records and Information Management

Welcome!

- Overview and Objectives
 - Montana IT Conference 2009



■ Importance of Safeguarding Essential Records (MCA 2-6-206)

Avoid Your World Unraveling



- Statute (MCA 2-6-206)
- Business critical
- Financially insurable
- Supporting:
 - Agency Emergency Action Plans (EAP)
 - State and Agency RetentionSchedules
 - Continuity Planning (LDRPS)
 - Risk Management Property
 & Casualty Claims

Essential Records Are...

- Essential records are those needed to meet operational responsibilities or to protect the legal and financial rights of the government and those affected by government activities.
 - Essential records normally constitute less than 10% of an agency's recorded holdings.

Emergency Management













IPER

Council of State Archivists

www.statearchivists.org/prepare/iper/

INTERGOVERNMENTAL PREPAREDNESS FOR ESSENTIAL RECORDS Records-related emergency training for state and local governments

Essential Records Examples Include...

- Disaster Plan
- Delegations of Authority
- Building Plans
- Computer System Documentation
- Documentation Relating to Protection (EAP)
- Inventories of Records,
 Equipment, Access,
 Permissions

- Accounts Receivables
- Payroll, Retirement
- Insurance Policies, SLAs, MOUs,
- Land/Water Records, Utilities, Treaties
- Contracts, Leases
- Research Findings, Product Development
- Other Significant Obligations

Essential Records Building A Policy and Plan

- Include Agency Stakeholders
 - Agency Head
 - Emergency Management Planner
 - Program Managers
 - Records Manager or Officer
 - IT Manager
 - Security Officer
 - Facility Manager
 - Human Resources
 - NEO, Training, Non-Disclosures

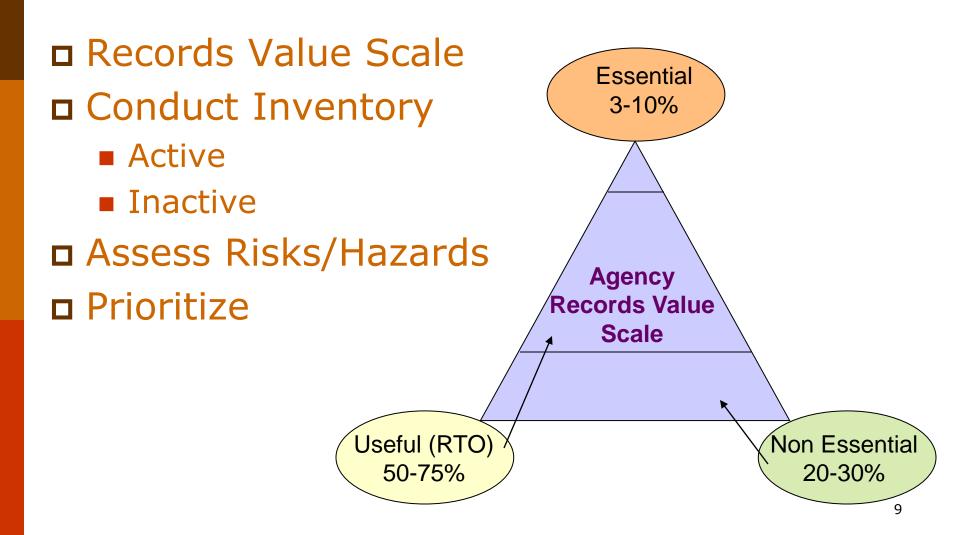


Emergency Action Planning

- Identification
- Prioritization
- Protection
- Availability
- Accessibility
- Resumption
- Review

- REAP, Toolkit
- SEFs, Hazards/Risks
- Strategies, Measures
- Assessment, RTOs
- Facility(s), the "keys", hardware/software
- Implementation of Plan, SLAs
- Evaluate Outcome, Revise

Identification and Prioritization of Essential Records



Identification and Prioritization of Essential Records



- Essential Records are usually copies of the originals
- Sole purpose is to maintain critical information



- Limited time value
- Periodic cycling required

Inventory of Essential Records

- Keep in mind your inventory goals
- Understand the scope of the inventory
 - Mission/Functions
- Plan the inventory

- Conduct the inventory
- Verify and analyze the results
- Use to strategize and measure risks pertinent to protection, access, resumption....

Protection of Essential Records

Once inventoried, identify and implement steps towards protection strategies and methods based on location and media.

- Protection methods need to be based on risk analysis, per emergency or incident.
 - Water System or Building Unavailability
 - Freezer Trucks
 Hot/cold off-site

Protection Risk Identification

- □ Rate the...
 - Loss of document or group of records
 - Loss of a function, or several, localized
 - Loss of a function, or several, regionally
 - Destruction of building (Working Hours / Non)
 - Regional natural disaster
 - Most severe conceivable

Protection Risk Identification

- Consider the...
 - Existing risks to records
 - Physical location and media
 - Recovery Time Objective (RTO) priority to restore
 - Security and controls
 - Recovery Point how recent must data be
 - Data Capacity how much needs restored
 - Vulnerable areas
 - Working Files
 - Timing
 - Critical times of year

Protection Strategies

- AvoidanceAutomatic/Routine Dispersal
 - Evacuation
- Acceptance
 On-site Protection
 - E-vaulting
- MitigationTape Backup
 - Data Conversion
- TransferMirroring/Replication

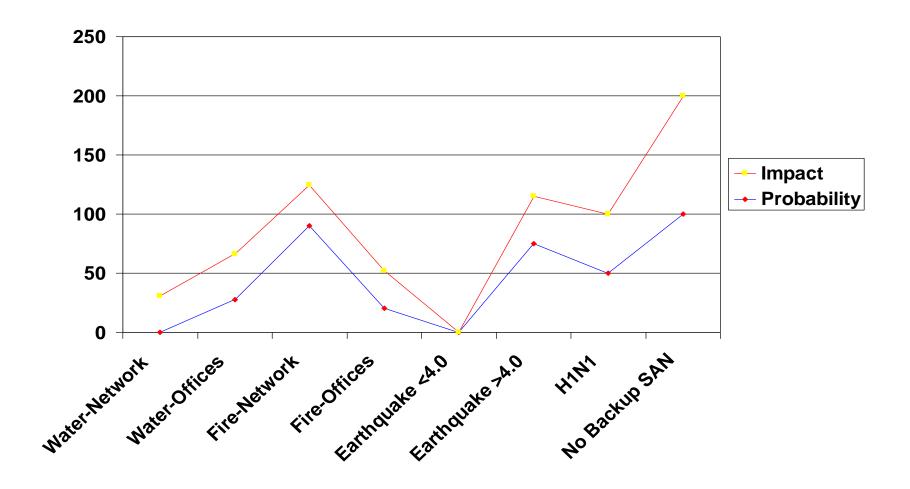
Protection for Essential Records



- Identify risks involved if records remain in their current location; on their current media.
- Identify the difficulty to reconstitute records if destroyed or damaged.
- Is off-site hardware/software necessary?
- Is alternative storage and media advisable?
- Is it necessary to duplicate the records to support continuity?

Risk = Probability x Impact

Protection Risk = Probability x Impact



Protection Measures

■ State of MT Emergency Resource Directory

Resource Directory Sections	Links to National Resources To be compiled by IPER staff and advisors	Links to State/Territorial Resources To be compiled by state/territorial Leadership
Laws, regulations,	Federal statutes and regulations re: records retention and disposition,	Montana Codes Annotated http://data.opi.mt.gov/bills/mca toc/2 6.htm
Standards, guidelines, advice, tips	ANSI/ARMA 5-2003, Vital Records Programs: Identifying, Managing, and Recovering Business-Critical Records NAGARA http://www.nagara.org/displaycommon.cf m?an=1&subarticlenbr=70	

Accessibility of Essential Records

- Equally important is access to essential records when you need them, in a timely manner (RTO).
- Strategies need to include current procedures, access and security identification, storage on-site or off-site, occasional testing or drills.
- Identify what equipment, applications and supplies are needed.
- Ensure that for electronic records that system documentation is current and adequate to allow access and operate the application.

Accessibility of Essential Records



Prioritize Access & Timeframes

- Priority 1-Immediate (0-12 hrs)
 - EAPs
 - Call Trees
 - Delegations
- Priority 2-Resumption (24-72 hrs)
 - Systems Documentation
 - Personnel Records
 - DR Vendor Contacts
- Priority 3 Business/Mission Critical (Normal Ops Restored)

Accessibility-Prioritization Chart

Prioritization Chart

- Defines priority levels
- Declares access permissions
- Identifies which vital records fall within which priority level
- Provides decisions already made vs. at the time of crisis
- Crucial for response and recovery
- Supports cycling schedule

Accessibility Prioritization Chart

Essential Records Prioritization Chart					
Priority 1	These records and information are essential for emergency operations and are therefore needed immediately.	On-site-electronic SOS-RIM - H/C and tape backups DOA Hot Site EAP responders HR Div Admin Purchasing Bur Chf LDRPS Staff	0-12 hours	EAP Manual Call Trees Vital Records Plan Facility Plans Security Access Lists	
Priority 2			24-72 hours		
Priority 3			72 hours - full resumption		

Accessibility – Cycling Schedule

- Priority Levels
- Time Values
- Scheduled Replacement
- Full or Partial Backups
- Permissions Updates
- Periodic Testing of Recovery

Accessibility – Storage Considerations

- Hot site
- Cold site
- Vaults
- Fire-resistant containers
- Secure, central file room(s)
- Vital records storage site

- Equipment and electricity needs
- LAN, WAN, systems and data, Email
- Records storage needs
- Security
- Environmental controls
- Access/Permission keys
- Responders Needs
- "Go Kits"

Records and Information Management Resources

- SOS Records and Information Management
 - http://www.sos.mt.gov/Records/index.asp
 - http://www.arma.org/
- Council of State Archivists
 - http://www.statearchivists.org/iper/index.htm
- Nat'l Archives and Records Administration (NARA)
 - http://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/
- FEMA
 - http://www.fema.gov/plan/index.shtm
- Dept of Administration Emergency Website
 - http://doa.mt.gov/emergency/default.mcpx
- DOA Security and Continuity Services Bureau
 - http://continuity.mine.mt.gov/default.mcpx

Thank You!



- Questions?
- Happy Holidays!
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